# ABS 121

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#### Comparative Study on Educational Technology Curriculum for Master Degree

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### ABSTRACT

Educational technology has become a branch of science that is growing rapidly in recent times. The need for a disruptive learning model due to information technology rapid development is one of the triggers for increasing enthusiasts on this field of study. Master's education in the field of educational technology is one of the programs that invite a good number of scholars to excel their knowledge and capabilities. Every university in a country has its own focus of study in this field. This article attempts to describe the results of an analysis of a number of the world's leading campuses on five continents that hold master's programs in the field of educational technology. The text analysis method is used to study the tendency of the pressure exerted on the field of study in question. The results of this study can be used for those who wish to continue their studies or conduct research in accordance with the focus of their studies.

Keywords: Covid-19, framework, learning, teaching

## Introduction

Educational technology is developing so rapidly. One of the causes of its accelerated development is advances in information and communication technology. The industrial revolution 4.0 shows how technologies such as augmented reality, virtual reality, big data, internet of things, and artificial intelligence color the modern education model (Baslandze, n.d.; Deloitte, 2018). The pandemic conditions that have occurred recently have increasingly popularized the science of educational technology, especially those related to distance

education approaches. History shows how the science of educational technology developed from time to time. Educational technology which is based on instructional design is defined by AECT (The Association for Educational Communications and Technology) as "the study and ethical practice of facilitating learning and improving performance by creating, using and managing appropriate technological processes and resources" (AECT, 2004). Meanwhile, the Encyclopedia of Educational Technology formulates it as "Educational technology is a systematic, iterative process for designing instruction or training used to improve performance" (Januszewski & Molenda, 2001; Luppicini, 2005). Michael Spector firmly and clearly argues that educational technology is "the disciplined application of knowledge for the purpose of improving learning, instruction and/or performance" (Editors, n.d.; Natividad et al., 2018; Savelyeva, 2015). A number of these definitions show the wide spectrum of the scope of educational technology studies.

Besides that, it can also be seen that educational technology is not in a vacuum, but is part of the broader educational ecosystem (Luppicini, 2005). Every university in the world has its own uniqueness and focus in the field of educational technology. This focus is the basis for curriculum development in each university (Jenkinson, 2009). This study aims to study the trends in the focus of studies on campuses on five continents in the field of educational technology. It is hoped that this investigation will provide a number of benefits. First, prospective students who wish to continue their studies at the master's level can choose the right college according to their study interests. Second, all scientists who want to carry out research easily can seek colleges of study. Third, complementary cooperation between universities can be created well. In addition, the intended focus map will assist various institutions in developing new programs that have never been held before.

## **Research Method**

This research was conducted by studying the master program curriculum at a number of universities. A number of content that describes the profile of the master program in the field of educational technology is collected for review using a text analysis approach (Banks et al., 2018; Humphreys & Wang, 2018; Raj Arokiasamy et al., 2016). The results of content mapping in the form of text crowd (Adams, 2015) will show a picture of the trend of focus of study programs in each continent.



Picture 1: Sample of Educational Technology Program in Five Continenents

This study used 120 universities around the world with the following details:

- Fifty universities in the United States in 2018-2019 that hold master's programs in educational technology:
- Fifty universities in the United States in 2018-2019 that provide master programs in
  educational technology in virtual (distance education);
- Seven campuses in Europe that provide master programs in educational technology;

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- · Ten campuses in Asia that provide master programs in educational technology; and
- Three campuses in Africa that provide master programs in educational technology.

Sampling was taken randomly based on the availability of complete and detailed secondary data. Data availability is very important because the study was conducted using text analysis methods (Tessem et al., 2015; Welbers et al., 2017).

The following are a number of tables containing a list of the names of universities that were used as sampling in this study. Table 1 lists colleges in the United States that provide on-campus master programs. Meanwhile, Table 2 contains tertiary institutions that hold master programs by distance education. Table 3 shows a list of universities in four continents apart from the United States.

1.Florida State	11.Drexel University	21.Concordia	31.Waynesburg	41.Virginia
University		University Chicago	University	Commonwealth
18				University
2.Ohio State	12.Virginia	22.Concordia	32.Texas State	42.University of
University	Polytechnic Institute	University Saint Paul	University	North Carolina
18	and State University		-	Wilmington
3.Arizona State	13.Iowa State	23.SUNY Buffalo	33. University of	43.University of
University	University	State College	Northern Iowa	Central Missouri
4.Auburn University	14.Kansas State	24.University of	34.University of	44.Eastern Michigan
	University	Houston	Massachusetts-	University
			Amherst	
5.Indiana University	15.SUNY at Albany	25.University of	35.New York Institue	45.Western Kentucky
Bloomington		Day19n	of Technology	University
6.University of	16.Ball State	26.University of	36.Webster	46.University of
Georgia	University	South Carolina	University	North Carolina at
-	39	Columbia	-	Greensboro
7.Teacher College	17.St.Cloud State	27.University of	37.East Tennessee	47.University of
Columbia University	University	Oklahoma	State University	Minnesota Twin
-				Cities
8.Minnesota State	18.Emporia State	28.The University of	38.SUNY College at	48.University of
University	University	Tennessee Knoxville	Potsdam	North Dakota
9.University of	19.Appalachian State	29.Concordia	39.University of	49.University of
Florida	University	University Wisconsin	Cincinnati	Central Arkansas
10.Boise State	20.Robert Morris	30.Kent State	40.Valdosta State	50.Westerm
University	University Illinois	University	University	Michigan University

Table 1: The Educational Technology Master's Degree Program in United States

Table 2: The Online Educational Technology Master's Degree Program 2018

	10			
1.University of	11.Florida State	21.University of	31. University of	41.University of
Florida	University	Connecticut	Arkansas	North Carolina
				Wilmington
2.John Hopkins	12.Brandeis	22.University at	32.University of	42.California State
University	University	Buffalo	South Carolina	University San
			Columbia	Bemardino

3.North Carolina	13.California State	23.The University of	33.University of	43.University of
State University at	University Fullerton	West Florida	Oklahoma Norman	Hawaii at Manoa
Raleigh				
4.University of	14.Michigan State	24.SUNY at Albany	34.Virginia	44.Concordia
Virginia	University		Polytechnic Institute	University Chicago
			and State University	
5.University of	15.East Carolina	25.University of	35.Azusa Pacific	45.Antioch
Georgia	University	Northern Iowa	University	University New
				En 32 nd
6.University of	16.California State	26.The University of	36.Ohio State	46.Texas A&M
Central Florida	University Long	Texas Rio Grande	University	University
	Beach	Valley	23	Commerce
7.Texas A&M	17.Webster	27.Indiana University	37.University of	47.Mississippi State
University College	University	Bloomington	Alabama at	University
Station		23	Birmingham	
8.University of	18.Pepperdine	28. University of	38Saint Joseph's	48.Concordia
Houston Clear Lake	University	North Carolina at	University	University Saint Paul
23		Charlotte		
9.University of	19.Appalachian State	29.Liberty University	39.Oklahoma State	49.Iowa State
Illinois at Urbana	University		University	University
Champaign				-
10.George	20.Brandman	30.Texas Tech	40.University of	50.University of
Washington	University	University	Dayton	North Texas
University			-	

Table 3: The Educational Technology Master's Degree Program in Other Continenents

1.University of Oulu	5.University of	9.Hanyang	13.University Sains	17.University of
(Finland)	Geneva, Switzerland	University (South	(Malaysia)	Wollongong
		Korea)		(Australia)
2.Far Eastern Federal	6.Center for Research	10.The University of	14.Central China	18.University of
University (Russia)	and Interdisciplinary	Tokyo (Japan)	Normal University	Cape Town (Africa)
	(France)		(China)	
3.University of the	7.Northern Arctic	11.National Institute	15.NIIT University	19.University of
Laguna (Spain)	Federal University	of Education	(India)	Witwaterstrand
	(Russia)	(Singapore)		(Africa)
4.Viseu School of	8.EWHA Womans	12.Open University	<ol><li>Jakarta State</li></ol>	20.University of
Education (Portugal)	University (South	(Malaysia)	University	Nairobi (Africa)
	Korea)		(Indonesia)	

The data used as a source of knowledge in study studies comes from a number of secondary documents that can be obtained from a number of sources. The first document is a university profile, in which it briefly describes the objectives of the study program, the focus of the learning process, and the degree awarded. Meanwhile, the next document is a curriculum in which there is a list of courses taught for each learning period. A number of other documents that are used as additional content and other information are related to: collective campus research focus, laboratory facilities, student profiles, products produced by universities, and services offered to the surrounding community.

## **Results and Discussion**

The first study was carried out on the 50 best universities in the United States that organize master programs in educational technology. Analysis of the text crowd mosaic shows that the pressure of educational technology studies focused on elements of design and development (design and development). The design and development referred to here is related to instructional design or techniques and the art of planning the learning process. Furthermore, it can also be seen how the design process involves the concept of multimedia in it by utilizing online media. The next thing that is interesting to see is how this program also involves research activities in it. Meanwhile, other content that is also studied as periphery relates to basic theory, evaluation process, communication strategy, performance measurement, and educator competence. The emphasis on planning and developing the learning process is understandable given the large number of theories and concepts in this field introduced by scientists from the United States (Alamin et al., 2015; Bond et al., 2020). The presence of online and multimedia concepts also illustrates how universities there have started to develop research on e-learning, which is a development of the concept of distance learning.



Picture 2: Text Crowd of the Educational Technology Program in United States

Subsequent studies were carried out on 50 tertiary institutions that held virtual educational technology programs in the United States. It can be seen that the focus of study on these campuses lies in designing online courses that focus on students. Because it focuses on the use of information and communication technology, the content that is studied next in the study program includes: digital science, learning theory, distance education, and multimedia. The emphasis of the study on the student component, courses, design, and online shows how the concept of student center learning becomes the focus of the online learning model (Khan, 2007; Sharpe et al., 2006).



Picture 3: Text Crowd of the Online Educational Technology Program in United States

An interesting analysis was generated when trying to study educational technology programs in continental Europe. Mozaik text crowd shows how education based on information and communication technology (ICT = Information and Communication Technologies) has become the center of study for most universities. In addition to the use of technology to facilitate the learning process, there are also a number of interesting keywords to observe, such as: knowledge, training, expertise, innovation, digital, and projects/programs. There are also the words design and development as in conventional programs, it's just that in this context what it means is designing and developing learning models based on information and communication technology (Ipek & Ziatdinov, 2017; Wasson & Kirschner, 2020).



Picture 4: Text Crowd of the Best Online Educational Technology Program in Europe

Further analysis was carried out on campuses in Asia and Australia. An interesting phenomenon can be seen here where the focus of the study emphasizes the aspects of learning or "learning" in education or "education". This means that learning is emphasized on learning strategies and principles that must be applied in an educational environment. Other keywords such as policy, academic, program, management, school, and learning show that study programs in the Asia-Australia region are for those who want to design curriculum and learning models in formal education units, especially schools (Hedberg & McNamara, 2002; Krishna,

2019; Tsai & Hwang, 2013). The emphasis on the concept of learning shows how campuses in Asia and Australia try to further explore this phenomenon, due to the diversity of populations that exist in one country.



Picture 5: Text Crowd of the Best Online Educational Technology Program in Asia-Australia

Meanwhile, other results can be seen when studying study programs on campuses on the African continent. A cursory analysis of the text crowd mosaic shows that there is no single focus on a particular subject, but rather a balanced or even portfolio of content studies. The topics that are studied are balanced in relation to aspects around: technology, education, programs, learning, knowledge, integration, research, expertise, and teaching materials. Other things that are also minorly studied in the study program are related to pedagogy, psychology, sociology, and so on. This is interesting to observe because it will bring a new understanding of the scope of educational technology in the modern era. The meaning of educational technology tends to expand with the various phenomena of progress in the field of information and communication technology. Another reason could also be due to the condition of the African continent which is relatively left behind with other continents so that all components

that make up the educational technology ecosystem are important factors that must be considered carefully ("Educational Unsustainability in Sub-Saharan Africa: In Search of Counter-Narratives to Policy Pressures and Exponential Tech Growth," 2019; Hart & Laher, 2015).



Picture 6: Text Crowd of the Best Online Educational Technology Program in Africa

Research shows that each continent has its own study trends. Based on the results of the text analysis, a mapping process was carried out to compare the situation between continents. The following table shows the different focus of the study among the countries in question. The letter H (High) is used to show the main focus of the curriculum and topics of discussion in the study of educational technology on a continent. Meanwhile the letters M (Medium) and L (Low) follow it as a discussion with a lower intensity.

	Amerika (of 8he)	Amerika (online)	Eropa	Asia-Australia	Afrika
Education	L	L	H	H	Н
Instructional	L	L	M	H	Н
Design	Н	Н	Н	Н	L
Development	Н	L	L	L	М
Research	H	H	L	Н	L
Training	L	L	Н	L	Н
Program/Project	L	L	L	L	H
Technology	8	Н	Н	Н	Н
Multimedia	H	M	L	L	L
Pedagogy	Н	Н	L	H	M
Sociology	L	L	L	M	M
Psychology	7	L	L	M	M
Policy	L	L	L	L	L
Curriculum	М	L	L	L	L
Management	L	L	L	М	М
Course	L	Н	L	L	L
Educator	Н	L	M	L	L
Student	L	Н	L	L	L
Materials	L	M	L	L	L
Innovation	L	L	Н	L	L
Performance	М	L	L	L	L
Evaluation	М	L	L	L	L
School	М	L	L	М	L
Class	М	L	L	М	L

Table 4: Perbandingan Fokus Studi Perguruan Tinggi antar Benua

#### Conclusion

The results show that as a science, educational technology has a number of important components that become the focus of its studies. Each country has its own uniqueness and specificity in carrying out its master program. The on-campus program in the United States focuses more on the concept of designing and developing the learning process, while the online program emphasizes the implementation of student-centered learning based on distance learning. Meanwhile, on the continent of Europe the focus shifts to how the use of information and communication technology in carrying out a modern education model. Another case in the Asia-Australia continent, which focuses on the meaning of the learning process in the various life of the community, especially schools and other educational units. As for the African continent, it seems that it does not have one priority focus because all components in the educational technology ecosystem have a similar level of importance. Thus, scientists or

researchers who wish to conduct an in-depth study of the aspects of educational technology can choose the right country according to the focus of their study.

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